

Substitute Specification

Appl. No. 10/623,294

STRAND ORIENTATION ALIGNMENT IN STRAND COATING SYSTEMS AND METHODS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] The present application is related to co-pending U.S. Application No. 09/758,702 filed on 11 January 2001 entitled "Variable Spacing Strand Coating System And Modular Guide Roller Therefor" and to co-pending U.S. Application No. 09/621,721 filed on 24 July 2000 entitled "Variable Spacing Strand Coating System And Method", assigned commonly with the present application and incorporated by reference herein.

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0002] The disclosure relates generally to strand coating systems and methods, and more particularly to systems, sub-systems and methods for applying coatings to elongated strands having asymmetric cross sections, for example, the application of vacillating adhesive filaments to elastic strands having rectangular cross sections prior to adherence on a substrate or between substrates, methods and systems therefor.

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0003] It is known generally to apply adhesive coatings to elongated strands. U.S. Patent No. 6,077,375 entitled "Elastic Strand Coating Process", for example, discloses the application of vacillating adhesive filaments dispensed from a nozzle onto elastic and other strands, some of which are

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adhered onto a substrate or in some applications between adjacent substrates. In one exemplary application disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,077,375, a vacillating meltblown adhesive filament is captured on an elastic strand drawn past a nozzle from which the adhesive is dispensed. And in some applications in U.S. Patent No. 6,077,375, the vacillating adhesive filament is substantially entirely captured by the strand as it tends to wrap around the strand, coating the sides thereof substantially uniformly along the strand axis prior to adherence of the strand onto a substrate in the manufacture of bodily fluid absorbing personal hygienic articles.

[0004] It is also known to align elongated strands with a nozzle from which an adhesive filament is dispensed by drawing the strands over a grooved guide roller located upstream of the nozzle, as disclosed, for example, to the referenced U.S. Application No. 09/758,702 entitled "Variable Spacing Strand Coating System And Modular Guide Roller Therefor" and the referenced U.S. Application No. 09/621,721 entitled "Variable Spacing Strand Coating System And Method". See also, the ITW DYNATEC INTEGRA strand coating system.

[0005] The known exemplary strand coating systems and technologies discussed above work well for applying adhesive materials to elastic strands having substantially uniform cross-sections, for example, square or circular cross-sectional shapes. In some applications, however, the adhesive or other substance is applied to a strand having an asymmetric cross sectional shape, for example, a substantially rectangular sectional shape. These applications include the application of adhesives onto natural rubber or elastic tape used in the manufacture of bodily fluid absorbent hygienic articles. In

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applications where the cross-sectional shape of the elastic strand is rectangular or asymmetric, the known prior art adhesive coating systems tend to apply the adhesive material on the elastic strand unevenly. Specifically, the adhesive tends to adhere more on one side of the strand, for example, the wider edge thereof, than to other sides of the strand. Moreover, in some applications, the strand tends to flip from side to side as it is drawn along the strand guide resulting in the application of the adhesive material to different sides of the strand. In some applications, for example, those where the strand is bonded between substrates, among others, the uneven application of adhesive material to the strand compromises the integrity of the bond, since some portions of the strand may be devoid of adhesive.

[0006] The objects, aspects, features and advantages of the present disclosure will become more fully apparent upon careful consideration of the following Detailed Description thereof and the accompanying Drawings, which may be disproportionate for ease of understanding, wherein like structure and steps are referenced generally by corresponding numerals and indicators.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0007] FIG. 1 illustrates an adhesive material applied to one side of an exemplary strand having a substantially rectangular cross-sectional shape.

[0008] FIG. 2 is a first view of an exemplary strand coating system.

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[0009] FIG. 3 is a second view of the exemplary strand coating system.

[0010] FIG. 4 is a third view of the exemplary strand coating system.

[0011] FIG. 5 illustrates a strand oriented relative to a fluid dispensing nozzle.

[0012] FIG. 6 illustrates an exemplary strand having a substantially rectangular cross-sectional shape disposed between substrates.

[0013] FIG. 7 is an exemplary process diagram.

[0014] FIG. 8 is an exemplary strand axial orientation aligning member mounting bracket.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0015] The disclosure is drawn generally to systems, sub-systems and methods for controlling the orientation of at least a portion of a strand about its axial dimension as the strand portion is drawn past a fluid or liquid dispensing nozzle, for example, in an adhesive dispensing system that applies a hot melt adhesive filament from an adhesive dispensing orifice of an adhesive dispensing device or apparatus onto an elastic strand used in the manufacture of personal hygienic articles. According to the disclosure,

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these and other adhesive dispensing systems generally include a strand axial orientation aligning member.

[0016] FIGS. 2-4 illustrate an exemplary strand coating system 200 including generally an adhesive dispensing device 210 having one or more adhesive dispensing orifices. In the exemplary embodiment of FIG. 4, the adhesive dispensing device 210 includes first and second orifices 211 and 212 that each dispense an adhesive fiber or filament onto a corresponding strand. In one exemplary strand coating application, the adhesive filaments vacillate predominately transversely to the path of the corresponding strands. These and related filament producing apparatuses are known generally and discussed more fully, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 6,200,635 entitled "Omega Spray Pattern And Method", in U.S. Patent No. 5,902,540 entitled "Meltblowing Method And Apparatus", and in U.S. Patent No. 5,902,298 entitled "Improved Meltblowing System", among other references in the prior art. However, the inventions are not limited to any particular type of fluid or liquid dispensing apparatus or system.

[0017] In an alternative embodiment, the adhesive dispensing system or device is a spiral nozzle that dispenses a generally helical filament or fiber. In other embodiments, other filament dispensing devices may be used alternatively. Although the exemplary applications concern the application of adhesive fibers or filaments onto elastic strands, the disclosure has much wider applicability, including the application filaments onto other strand types, which are not necessarily elastic, and to the application of atomized liquids onto strands, for example, the application of atomized lubricants

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onto fibers, among other applications, as will be appreciated in view of the discussion below.

[0018] In the FIGS. 2-4, the exemplary adhesive dispensing device 210 is mounted on a module 220 that controls the supply of adhesive and air or other gas to the adhesive dispensing device 210. The module may be operated pneumatically or electrically. The module 220 or similar device may also be used to control the supply of adhesive and/or air to spiral nozzles and to other adhesive dispensing devices, for example, to spiral nozzles. The exemplary module 220 is mounted on a head 240, which provides a metered supply of adhesive or other material and air to the adhesive dispensing device via the module. In other embodiments, the adhesive and any required gas may be provided to the nozzle by some other structure, for example, the adhesive dispensing orifices may be part of an integrated assembly rather than the modular assembly of the exemplary embodiment.

[0019] The exemplary system of FIGS. 2-4 also includes an optional strand guide member 230 for guiding aligning the strand along a drawing path relative to the adhesive dispensing nozzle. In FIGs. 2 and 4, the exemplary strand guide 230 is a strand guide roller having first and second grooves 232 and 234 for guiding corresponding strands 233 and 235 relative to corresponding orifices of the adhesive dispensing device 210. In other embodiments, other types of strand guides may be used, for example, non-rotating strand guides. The strand guide is generally located upstream of the adhesive dispensing device and functions generally to align the path of

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one more strands with the adhesive dispensing device. In some embodiments, the strand guide is not required.

[0020] In embodiments where a strand guide is employed and in applications subject to vibration, the strand guide is preferably coupled to the adhesive dispensing device so that the strand guide and adhesive dispensing device vibrate in unison. In the exemplary embodiment of FIGS. 2-4, the stand guide roller 230 is adjustably mounted on the head 240 by first and second adjustably positionable arms 236 and 238, which permit adjusting the spacing between the strands and the adhesive dispensing device and also permit adjusting the upstream location of the strand guide roller. In other embodiments, the strand guide roller is not necessarily coupled to the adhesive dispensing device, and the strand guide position is not necessarily adjustable.

[0021] According to another aspect of the disclosure, at least one strand axial orientation aligning member is disposed proximate each orifice of the fluid or liquid dispensing device. In applications where an adhesive or other material is applied to the strand, the strand axial orientation aligning member is preferably disposed on an upstream side of adhesive dispensing device. In the exemplary embodiment of FIGS. 2-4, a strand axial orientation aligning member 252 is positioned between each orifice of the fluid or liquid dispensing device and the strand guide roller 230. In one embodiment, the strand axial orientation aligning member is positioned so that it is generally aligned, for example, on one side or the other, with a corresponding orifice of the adhesive dispensing device. Generally, the strand is drawn so that it passes along the strand axial orientation aligning

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member and over or under a corresponding orifice of the fluid or liquid dispensing device.

[0022] In the exemplary embodiment of FIG. 4, first and second strand axial orientation aligning members 250 and 252 are aligned generally with corresponding orifices 212 and 214, respectively, of the adhesive dispensing device 210. In FIGS. 2-4, the exemplary strand axial orientation aligning members are mounted on a plate 254 fastened to the module 220. The exemplary strand axial orientation aligning member is a pin shaped member having an axis extending substantially transversely to a direction in which the strand is drawn past the adhesive dispensing device. In the alternative embodiment of FIG. 8, an alternative mounting plate 854 is configured so that first and second strand axial orientation aligning members 850 and 852 are aligned generally with corresponding orifices 812 and 814, respectively, of the adhesive dispensing device 810 on an opposite side of the orifices 812 and 814. The alternative mounting plate of FIG. 8 is suitable for applications where the strand is drawn in the direction of arrow 802, thus positioning the strand axial orientation aligning members on an upstream side of the orifices. The mounting plate 854 of FIG. 8 is distinguished from the mounting plate 254 of FIG. 2 by an opening 855 that permits the orifices to dispense material without obstruction. In other embodiments, however, the strand axial orientation aligning members are not mounted or otherwise coupled to the adhesive dispensing device, for example, the strand axial orientation aligning members may be mounted or supported by some other isolated structure.

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[0023] Generally, the strand axial orientation aligning member controls an orientation of at least a portion of the strand about its axial dimension as the strand portion is drawn past the adhesive dispensing nozzle. The strand axial orientation aligning member also precisely aligns the strand with the orifice of the adhesive dispensing device. In the exemplary strand coating application, the strand axial orientation aligning member controls the orientation of the strand portion by preventing twisting of the strand portion about its axial dimension at least in a neighborhood of the adhesive dispensing nozzle. Thus the strand axial orientation aligning member fixes the orientation of the strand at least as the strand is drawn past the orifice of the adhesive dispensing nozzle.

[0024] In FIG. 3, the exemplary strand axial orientation aligning member includes first and second flanges 256 and 257 separated by a guiding portion 258. The strand 235 is retained between the first and second flanges, thereby essentially fixing the distance between the strand and the adhesive dispensing device 210. Structure other than the strand axial orientation aligning member may be used alternatively to fix the distance between the strand and the device 210 in embodiments where it is desirable to control or fix the spacing between the strand and the orifice.

[0025] In one embodiment, the strand has at least one relatively flat side or surface along its axial dimension. In FIG. 5, for example, the exemplary strand 510 has a substantially rectangular cross-sectional shape with major and minor axes or dimensions. The major dimension has flat sides 511 and 513 along the axial direction of the strand. The orientation of the strand portion about its axial dimension is controlled by engaging the

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substantially flat side of the strand with the strand axial orientation aligning member as the strand is drawn past the fluid or liquid dispensing device. In FIG. 5, the strand is oriented so that the major axis of the cross-sectional dimension of the strand is substantially parallel to the direction in which a vacillating adhesive filament 520 is dispensed from a dispensing device 530 by a similarly aligned strand axial orientation aligning member, which is not visible in FIG. 5. The strand orientation illustrated in FIG. 5 is desirable in some strand coating applications, for example, those where the strand is coated with a vacillating filament of fiber as illustrated in FIG. 5 to ensure that the strand is coated on both sides 512 and 514 along the major dimension or axis. In other embodiments, the strand may be oriented at different angles by orientating the angle of the guiding surface of the strand axial orientation aligning member. For example, the major dimension of the strand cross-section may be made substantially transverse to the direction of the adhesive flow with a transversely disposed strand axial orientation aligning member. In another embodiment, the strand may be oriented at other angles.

[0026] In FIG. 1, where the major dimension of the rectangular strand 110 is aligned transversely to the path of the filament 120, the strand tends to be coated on only one side thereof. The filament in FIG. 1 may be a substantially planar vacillating filament or a helical filament. Also, in many strand coating applications, the strand tends to twist back and forth about its axial dimension as it is drawn past the adhesive dispensing device, for example, where the strand is subject to vibration. If the twisting strand is symmetrical about its axial dimension the twisting thereof may not have an adverse affect on the application of adhesive onto the strand. However, in

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